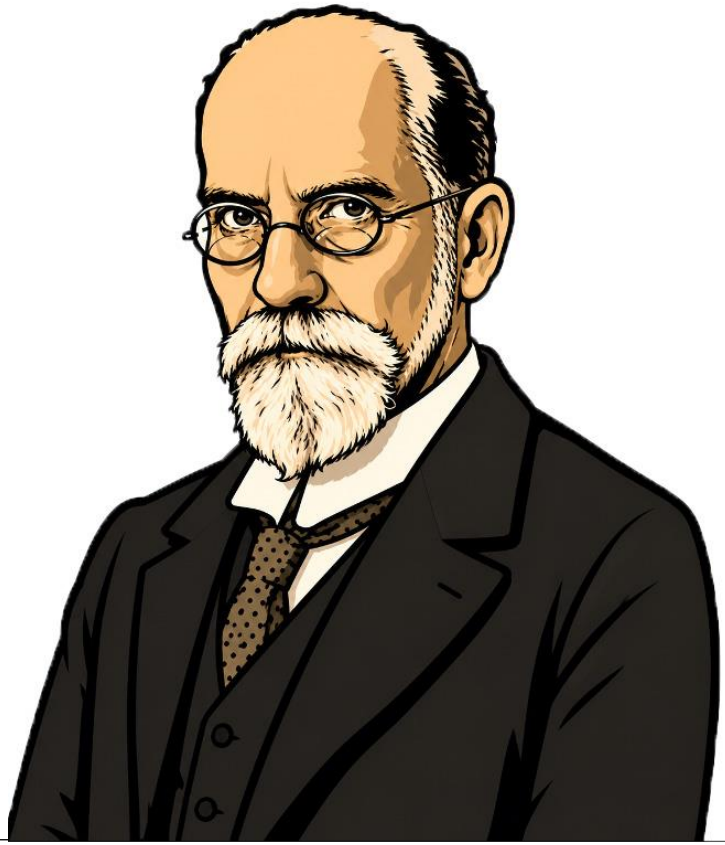
Phenomenology

Phenomenology
Phenomenology
Phenomenology

Edmund Husserl (1859–1938)

The Austrian philosopher and mathematician Edmund Husserl founded modern phenomenology.

- He is regarded as **one of the most influential thinkers** of the twentieth century.



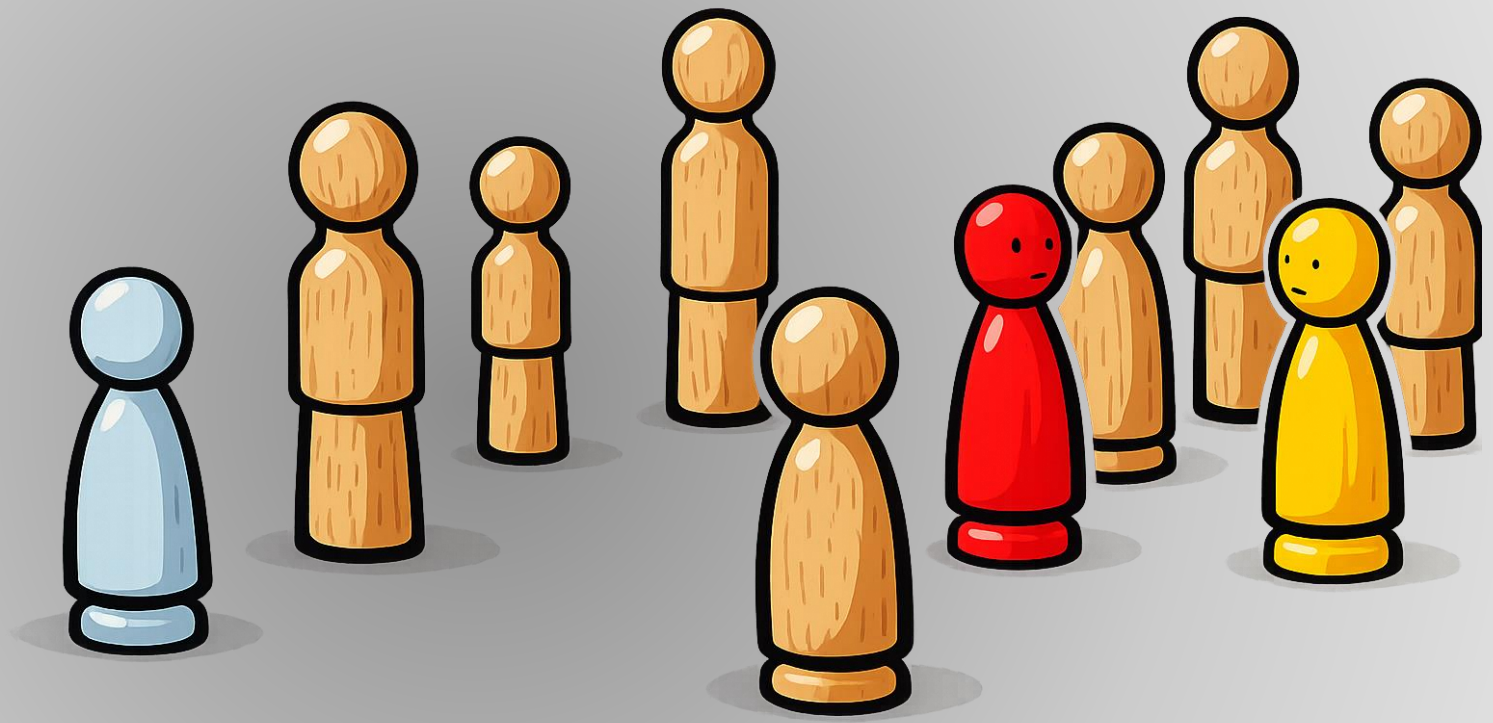
Epoché

Husserl called eidetic reduction Epoché, which literally means:

- **stopping, pausing.**



Transfer



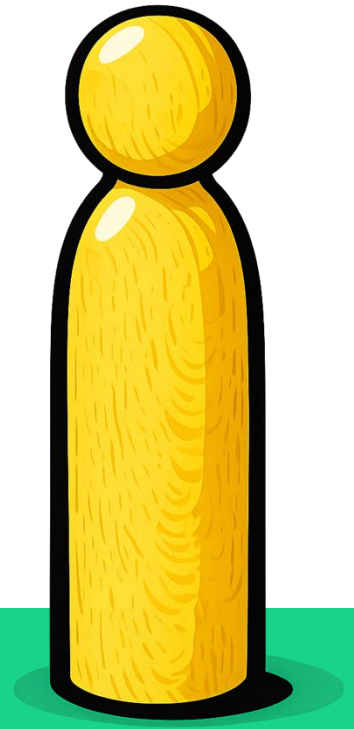
- How can we

  use the phenomenological method of gaining ‘higher’ knowledge

  in constellation work?

Epoché: Without Intention 2

- We do not intend to change anything.
- We do not intervene. We do not control.
- We allow it to be as it shows itself to us.



We are innocent.